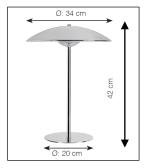


- Indirect light: lighting reflected indirectly by the lampshade, thus offering a better distribution on the work surface.
- Classic design: its reassuring shapes and sleek design allow it to integrate perfectly with any type of desktop universe and appeal to a large number of users.
- Low visual stress after prolonged use: ideal for working, reading or studying, at home or in the office.
- Robustness: lamp all metal, with beautiful finishes.
- **ON / OFF switch:** easy to access on the cord.
- Protect your eyes: this desk lamp LED provides you with quality lighting and comfortable because it is flicker-free and has no drag effect for reading, work and concentration. It is pleasant for the eyes and thus reduces the effects of fatigue.
- Rated power: this luminaire contains integrated LED lamps with a power of 12,7 W which can not be replaced
- Lifetie * of the LEDs: 20,000 hours
- Illumination of 815 Lux at 35 cm
- Color temperature: 3500 K
- Weighted energy consumption: 10,6 kWh / 1000 h
- Luminous efficiency ** of LEDs: 134 lm / W
- Energy efficiency: class A / A + / A ++ (spectrum A ++ to E)
- CRI: 82
- 2 years warranty
- Maximum height: 42 cm / minimum height: 42 cm
- Materials: Epoxy painted steel

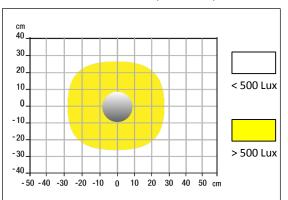




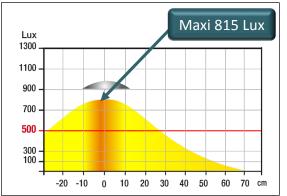


Techincal features

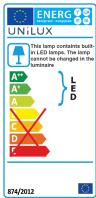
Measurement of Lux on the worktop in 35 cm top view:



Measurement of Lux on the worktop in 35 cm top view:



Energy class:



SAP no.	Colours	Energy Consumption KWh/1000h	Lux at 35 cm	Lm/W	Colour T° Kelvin	CRI	Source's lifetime**	Warran-ty (except driver)	Net weight	EAN code
400077408	White	10,6	815	134	3500 K	82	20000h	2 years	1,83 kg	3595560012848
400077407	Chrome	10,6	815	134	3500 K	82	20000h	2 years	1,83 kg	3595560012831

^{*} Average consumption: 1000 h / year ** Light emission of the lighting source

UNILUX'S ADVICES

1- Why using a desk lamp?

We spend about 8 hours a day at our place of work. Occupational medicine recommends lighting of at least 450 lux. The European standard NF EN 12464-1* goes up to 500 lux for screen work or reading. You should know that an office equipped with fluorescent ceiling lights usually receives 200 and 300 Lux for those in LED!

The consequences of constant and insufficient artificial interior lighting:

- **Decreased visual comfort**
- Headache
- Badly lapping the general concentration
- Decrease in productivity
- Disturbances of the circadian cycle
- Sleep and mood disorders
- * Standard NF EN 12 464-1 (European standard): Requirement for lighting indoor workplaces

2- Some figures











29 % of employees Report suffering from eyestrain *

Only on the desk fitted with ceiling lights

Reach the level of 500 Lux prescribed by Occupational

* Source: http://www.recrutons.fr/ergonomie-du-poste-de-travail.html

Medicine

3- The LED's Benefits



High quality and efficient lighting



Longer life



Energy saving



Eco-responsible purchase

Luminous flow (lm)



Safe for the health

Illumination (lx)

4- Somes definitions

Illuminance (Lux) corresponds to a quantity of light received by a surface. So:

- ф: Luminous flux in lumen
- S: surface per m2

Recommended lighting according to DIN EN 12464-1 * for the office

- 300 Lux: deposit, copy, traffic areas
- 500 Lux: writing, reading, data processing
- 500 Lux: at the reception and at the counter
- 750 Lux: technical drawing

* DIN EN 12464-1 (DIN 5035-1): European standard that determines the lighting requirements of workstations in enclosed areas, which meet the requirements of comfort and visual performance.

Workplan

Luminous flux (Im) is defined by the sum of all the radiations emitted by the lamp. It is measured in Lumen, "Im" for short. It is defined from the energy flux (expressed in watts) more often termed radiated power.

The latter is a flow of radiated energy:

$$\Phi = \frac{Q}{t}$$

where Q is the radiated energy, expressed in joules (J) and t in seconds (s)

Luminous efficiency (lm/W) corresponds to the luminous efficiency of the lamp. This value is established by the ratio between the luminous flux and the power consumed. It is measured in "Im / W". The higher the luminous efficiency, the higher the amount of light relative to the power consumed. This data is fundamental for the preservation of the environment since it allows us to reduce energy consumption for the same amount of light emitted.

Color temperature (Kelvin) is defined by the color emitted by the light source. Variation in color temperature is an essential function of the desk lamp in addition to the variation of the intensity, as it allows to customize the lighting and to adapt the appropriate color temperature to the different activities (computer work, concentration, reading, relaxation, rest, ...). This variation in color temperature is measured in "Kelvin", "K" for short.

